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APA519Hu01 100µg Active Active Apolipoprotein A1 (APOA1) Organism Species: *Homo sapiens* (Human) *Instruction manual*

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY NOT FOR USE IN CLINICAL DIAGNOSTIC PROCEDURES

1th Edition (Apr, 2016)

[PROPERTIES]

Source: Prokaryotic expression. Host: *E. coli* Residues: Gln122~Gln267 Tags: N-terminal His-tag Purity: >95% Endotoxin Level: <1.0EU per 1µg (determined by the LAL method). Buffer Formulation: 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl, pH8.0, containing 0.05% sarcosyl and 5% trehalose. Applications: Cell culture; Activity Assays. (May be suitable for use in other assays to be determined by the end user.) Predicted isoelectric point: 6.4 Predicted Molecular Mass: 18.5kDa Accurate Molecular Mass: 17kDa as determined by SDS-PAGE reducing conditions. [USAGE]

Reconstitute in 20mM Tris, 150mM NaCl (pH8.0) to a concentration of 0.1-1.0 mg/mL. Do not vortex.

[STORAGE AND STABILITY]

Storage: Avoid repeated freeze/thaw cycles.

Store at 2-8°C for one month.

Aliquot and store at -80°C for 12 months.

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Stability Test: The thermal stability is described by the loss rate. The loss rate was determined by accelerated thermal degradation test, that is, incubate the protein at 37°C for 48h, and no obvious degradation and precipitation were observed. The loss rate is less than 5% within the expiration date under appropriate storage condition.

[SEQUENCE]

QPYLDDFQK KWQEEMELYR QKVEPLRAEL QEGARQKLHE LQEKLSPLGE EMRDRARAHV DALRTHLAPY SDELRQRLAA RLEALKENGG ARLAEYHAKA TEHLSTLSEK AKPALEDLRQ GLLPVLESFK VSFLSALEEY TKKLNTQ

[ACTIVITY]

Apolipoprotein A1 (APOA1) is the major protein component of HDL particles in plasma. It is a cofactor for lecithin cholesterolacyltransferase (LCAT) which is responsible for the formation of most plasma cholesteryl esters. ApoA1 was also isolated as a prostacyclin (PGI2) stabilizing factor, and thus may have an anticlotting effect. ApoA1 is often used as a biomarker for prediction of cardiovascular diseases. Besides, Haptoglobin (Hpt) has been identified as an interactor of APOA1, thus a binding ELISA assay was conducted to detect the interaction of recombinant human APOA1 and recombinant human Hpt. Briefly, APOA1 were diluted serially in PBS, with 0.01% BSA (pH 7.4). Duplicate samples of 100uL were then transferred to Hpt-coated microtiter wells and incubated for 2h at 37 °C. Wells were washed with PBST and incubated for 1h with anti-APOA1 pAb. then aspirated and washed 3 times. After incubation with HRP labelled secondary antibody, wells were aspirated and washed 3 times. With the addition of substrate solution, wells were incubated 15-25 minutes at 37 °C . Finally, add 50µL stop solution to the wells and read at 450nm immediately. The binding activity of APOA1 and Hpt was shown in Figure 1, and this effect was in a dose dependent manner.

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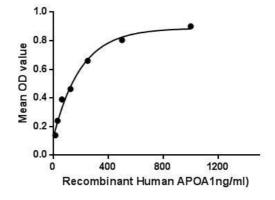
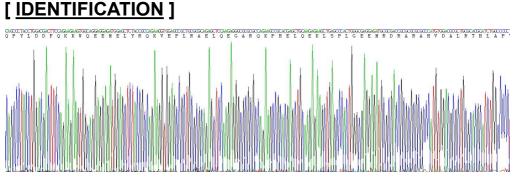


Figure 1. The binding activity of APOA1 with Hpt.





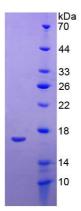


Figure 3. SDS-PAGE

Sample: Active recombinant APOA1, Human

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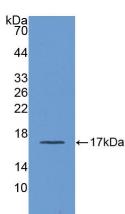


Figure 4. Western Blot Sample: Recombinant APOA1, Human; Antibody: Rabbit Anti-Human APOA1 Ab (PAA519Hu01)

[IMPORTANT NOTE]

The kit is designed for in vitro and research use only, we will not be responsible for any issue if the kit was used in clinical diagnostic or any other procedures.